DORSO

HAY



Inspired by the shifting curves of a human torso in motion, GamFratesi's Dorso chair combines a rounded exterior with a rotating base, creating a relaxing and functional lounge chair. Dorso's compact dimensions, swivel mechanism, and high level of comfort make it suitable for many different contexts, ranging from conferences, lounges, and waiting areas in public environments to homes and other private settings.

With a little care you can prolong the life of your furniture. Follow the instructions for the materials of your specific product to make sure that it stays in the best shape for as long as possible. The information below is only intended as a general guideline.

CAUTION

- Always remove stains quickly before they can do any permanent damage to the furniture
- Avoid placing the lounge chair in direct sunlight or near a strong heat source to reduce changes. As wood is a natural material, it will change in colour and will patinate over time. HAY only uses top quality fabrics, but all fabrics fade and seams weaken, when exposed to sunlight or strong heat.

- When you move your lounge chair, make sure you lift it rather than pulling or pushing it to avoid damaging the floor, legs and mountings.
- Avoid improper use such as sitting on the back or armrests, tilting the seats on their back legs, putting your feet on the furniture or standing on it.
- Be careful not to scratch or damage the surface with sharp objects.
- Smooth out creases and wrinkles with your hand after use to even out the fabric.
- Check the status of the gliders frequently and if worn down, contact your local retailer to buy replacements. The durability of the gliders will depend on the surface the chair is placed on.

CLEANING & CARE

POWDER COATED OR CHROMED STEEL
Wipe with a clean cloth wrung in water or in
a solution of water and a neutral detergent.
Remove soap residue immediately using a
clean, dry cloth. Avoid using scouring cream or
scouring pads, as they may scratch the surface.
White spirit (mineral spirit) can be used to
carefully remove stains from chromed surfaces.

OILED WOOD

Wipe with a clean, dry cloth. If the surface is dirty, wipe with a clean cloth wrung in water or in a solution of water and a neutral detergent or soap flakes. Remove any soap residue immediately using a clean, dry cloth. Never use soft soap or solvents such as spirit, turpentine or acetone. Avoid using scouring cream or

scouring pads, as they may scratch the surface. If the surface is scratched or appears matt. make sure to use an oil hardening care product

specifically designed to maintain oiled wooden surfaces. Clean the furniture thoroughly (12 hours) before applying the oil to all surfaces. To ensure optimal

absorbency, gently sand down the wood using fine-grit sandpaper (No. 180 or 240), always sanding in the direction of the grain. Apply the oil generously using a clean cloth or a sponge. always applying in the direction of the grain. Do not pour the oil directly on the surface.

on for around two hours until fully absorbed. Remove any excess oil with a clean lint-free cloth. Leave the furniture to dry overnight (min. 12 hours) and avoid placing anything on the surface before it is completely dry.

When the surface is alistening, leave the oil

If the grain of the wood rises after oiling. gently sand down the wood using fine-grit sandpaper (No. 180 or 240), always sanding in the direction of the grain. To optimally maintain the naturally beautiful appearance of the wood, we recommend you regularly treat the furniture's surface with oil whenever it appears dull, scratched or as peeded.

FARRICS

Vacuum the furniture regularly using the upholstery nozzle to remove dust and avoid fluff and pilling. Straighten the fabric with your hands from time to time. Wrinkles in the fabric can be straightened using a steamer. Soak up spilled liquids immediately with an absorbent napkin or cloth by dabbing gently towards the centre of the stain. Never use concentrated detergents or bleach, ammonia, optical brighteners or soap intended for hard surfaces. We do not recommend spot cleaning of individual marks and stains as this damages the fabric and

causes colour loss

On wool fabrics, most stains can be removed with lukewarm water on a clean lint-free cloth. If necessary, add a little neutral detergent. Avoid rubbing the material hard as this could result in loss of colour and damage the fabric. It may also be necessary to use a hairdryer to avoid leaving an water outline. If the stain persist, consult a specialist cleaner.

ANII INF I FATHER

Aniline leather has no or only a light surface treatment to preserve the leather's natural surface and soft touch. All natural markings, such as scars and insect bites, will be visible on aniline leather, which contributes to the leather's exclusive appearance. This kind of leather is very susceptible to dirt, and over time it will patinate and become slightly darker. Be careful not to scratch the leather. Aniline leather is demanding

to maintain, and we recommend that you keep a cleaner and care product suitable for this type of leather at hand. Using water may leave a permanent stain on the surface. Do not use sharp objects, strong detergents or solvents on the leather.

Semi-aniline leather is a full grain leather with a light top finish. All natural markings, such as

SEMI-ANII INF I FATHER

scars and insect bites, will be visible on the leather. Vacuum regularly using the upholstery nozzle. Be careful not to scratch the leather. To remove stains, use a clean, lint-free cloth to apply the lather from a solution of water and a neutral detergent or soap flakes or use a special leather care product. Remove soap residue immediately using a clean, dry cloth, and polish gently, using a soft cotton cloth. Avoid pressing liquid into the pores of the leather. Apply a

protective lotion two to four times annually to enhance the resistance of the material. Do not use sharp objects, strong detergents or solvents on the leather

PIGMENTED I FATHER

Pigmented leather is corrected leather with excellent durability. Vacuum regularly using the upholstery nozzle. Be careful not to scratch the leather. To remove stains, use a clean, lint-free cloth to apply the lather from a solution of water and a mild detergent, or soap flakes or use a special leather care product. Remove soap residue immediately using a clean, dry cloth, and polish gently, using a soft cotton cloth. Avoid pressing liquid into the pores of the leather. Apply a protective lotion two to four times annually to enhance the resistance of the material. Do not use sharp objects, strong detergents or solvents on the leather.



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